What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A system for identifying language attributes through probabilistic
- 2 analysis, comprising:
- a storage storing a set of language classes, which each identify a language and a character set encoding, and a plurality of training documents;
- an attribute modeler evaluating occurrences of one or more document properties within each training document and, for each language class, calculating
- 7 a probability for the document properties set conditioned on the occurrence of the
- 8 language class; and
- 9 a text modeler evaluating byte occurrences within each training document
- and, for each language class, calculating a probability for the byte occurrences
- 11 conditioned on the occurrence of the language class.
- 1 2. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
- a training engine calculating an overall probability for each language class
- 3 by evaluating the probability for the document properties set and the probability
- 4 for the byte occurrences.
- 1 3. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
- 2 an assignment module assigning the overall probability for each language
- 3 class in accordance with the formula:

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$$\underset{cls}{\operatorname{arg\,max}} P(text \mid cls) \cdot P(props \mid cls) \cdot P(cls)$$

- 5 where cls is the language class, text is the byte occurrences set, props are the
- document properties, and $P(text \mid cls)$ is the probability for the byte occurrences,
- and $P(props \mid cls)$ is the probability for the document properties set.
- 1 4. A system according to Claim 1, wherein the document properties
- 2 comprise at least one of top level domain, HTTP content character set encoding
- 3 and language header parameters, and HTML content character set encoding and
- 4 language metatags.

properties set in accordance with the formula: $P(tld,enc \mid cls) \cdot P(cls)$ where tld is the top level domain, enc is the character set encode language class. 6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each trigram divided by the total number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total number occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprising an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: $P(text \mid cls)$ where $text$ is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising.	1	5. A system according to Claim 4, further comprising:
where tld is the top level domain, enc is the character set encode language class. 6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprising an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising.	2	an assignment module assigning the probability for the document
where <i>tld</i> is the top level domain, <i>enc</i> is the character set encod language class. 6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each transmer of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	3	properties set in accordance with the formula:
6 language class. 1 6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences. 1 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: 2 a probability module calculating a probability of each trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 1 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: 4 P(text cls) 5 where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	4	$P(tld,enc \mid cls) \cdot P(cls)$
1 6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisis a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences byte co-occurrences. 1 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisis an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	5	where <i>tld</i> is the top level domain, <i>enc</i> is the character set encoding and <i>cls</i> is the
a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within document, and determining the probability for the byte occurred byte co-occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each tr number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each languag 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the l set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	6	language class.
document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrent byte co-occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each trumber of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	1	6. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
4 byte co-occurrences. 7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each tr number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	2	a counting module counting byte co-occurrences within each training
7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: a probability module calculating a probability of each tr number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	3	document, and determining the probability for the byte occurrences based on the
2 comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising: 3 a probability module calculating a probability of each tr 4 number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total numb 5 occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 1 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisi 2 an assignment module assigning the probability for the 1 3 set in accordance with the formula: 4 P(text cls) 5 where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 1 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	4	byte co-occurrences.
a probability module calculating a probability of each transment of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total number of occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisis an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising	1	7. A system according to Claim 6, wherein the byte co-occurrences
number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total number occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisis an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising	2	comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising:
occurrences in each of the training documents for each language 8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprisis an assignment module assigning the probability for the last in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisis	3	a probability module calculating a probability of each trigram as the
8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprising an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: P(text cls) where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising	4	number of occurrences of the trigram divided by the total number of trigram
an assignment module assigning the probability for the set in accordance with the formula: $P(text \mid cls)$ where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	5	occurrences in each of the training documents for each language class.
set in accordance with the formula: $P(text \mid cls)$ where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	1	8. A system according to Claim 7, further comprising:
 4 P(text cls) 5 where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi 	2	an assignment module assigning the probability for the byte occurrences
where <i>text</i> is the set of trigrams and <i>cls</i> is the language class. 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	3	set in accordance with the formula:
1 9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprisi	4	$P(text \mid cls)$
	5	where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class.
2 a training engine performing iterative training by provid	1	9. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
	2	a training engine performing iterative training by providing the probability

language classes.

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for the document properties set and the probability for the byte occurrences set

respectively to the evaluation of byte occurrences and assignment of the set of

A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:

2	a back off module evaluating less frequently occurring document
3	properties by calculating a probability for each less frequently occurring
4	document property conditioned on the occurrence of the language class.
1	11. A system according to Claim 1, further comprising:
2	a plurality of unlabeled documents; and
3	a classifier classifying one or more unlabeled documents by at least one
4	language class, comprising evaluating occurrences of one or more document
5	properties within the unlabeled document, evaluating byte occurrences within the
6	unlabeled document, and assigning a probability for the document properties set
7	and the byte occurrences for the unlabeled document conditioned on the
8	occurrence of the language class.
1	12. A system according to Claim 11, further comprising:
2	a class selector selecting the at least one language class having a
3	substantially highest probability.
1	13. A system according to Claim 11, further comprising:
2	a probability threshold; and
3	a pruner pruning at least one language class falling below the probability
4	threshold.
1	14. A system according to Claim 1, wherein each training document
2	comprises one of a Web page and a news message.
1	15. A method for identifying language attributes through probabilistic
2	analysis, comprising:
3	defining a set of language classes, which each identify a language and a
4	character set encoding, and a plurality of training documents;
5	evaluating occurrences of one or more document properties within each
6	training document and, for each language class, calculating a probability for the
7	document properties set conditioned on the occurrence of the language class; and

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- 8 evaluating byte occurrences within each training document and, for each
- 9 language class, calculating a probability for the byte occurrences conditioned on
- 10 the occurrence of the language class.
- 1 16. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
- 2 calculating an overall probability for each language class by evaluating the
- 3 probability for the document properties set and the probability for the byte
- 4 occurrences.
- 1 17. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
- 2 assigning the overall probability for each language class in accordance
- 3 with the formula:
- 4 $\arg \max_{cls} P(text \mid cls) \cdot P(props \mid cls) \cdot P(cls)$
- 5 where cls is the language class, text is the byte occurrences set, props are the
- document properties, and $P(text \mid cls)$ is the probability for the byte occurrences,
- 7 and $P(props \mid cls)$ is the probability for the document properties set.
- 1 18. A method according to Claim 15, wherein the document properties
- 2 comprise at least one of top level domain, HTTP content character set encoding
- 3 and language header parameters, and HTML content character set encoding and
- 4 language metatags.
- 1 19. A method according to Claim 18, further comprising:
- 2 assigning the probability for the document properties set in accordance
- 3 with the formula:
- 4 $P(tld, enc \mid cls) \cdot P(cls)$
- 5 where *tld* is the top level domain, *enc* is the character set encoding and *cls* is the
- 6 language class.
- 1 20. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
- 2 counting byte co-occurrences within each training document; and

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3	determining the probability for the byte occurrences based on the byte co-
4	occurrences.
1	21. A method according to Claim 20, wherein the byte co-occurrences
2	comprise a set of trigrams, further comprising:
3	calculating a probability of each trigram as the number of occurrences of
4	the trigram divided by the total number of trigram occurrences in each of the
5	training documents for each language class.
1	22. A method according to Claim 21, further comprising:
2	assigning the probability for the byte occurrences set in accordance with
3	the formula:
4	$P(text \mid cls)$
5	where text is the set of trigrams and cls is the language class.
1	23. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
2	performing iterative training by providing the probability for the document
3	properties set and the probability for the byte occurrences set respectively to the
4	evaluation of byte occurrences and assignment of the set of language classes.
1	24. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
2	evaluating less frequently occurring document properties by calculating a
3	probability for each less frequently occurring document property conditioned on
4	the occurrence of the language class.
1	25. A method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
2	accessing a plurality of unlabeled documents; and
3	classifying one or more unlabeled documents by at least one language
4	class, comprising:
5	evaluating occurrences of one or more document properties within
6	the unlabeled document;
7	evaluating byte occurrences within the unlabeled document; and

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8	assigning a probability for the document properties set and the byte
9	occurrences for the unlabeled document conditioned on the occurrence of the
10	language class.
1	26. A method according to Claim 25, further comprising:
2	selecting the at least one language class having a substantially highest
3	probability.
1	27. A method according to Claim 25, further comprising:
2	defining a probability threshold; and
3	pruning at least one language class falling below the probability threshold.
1	28. A method according to Claim 15, wherein each training document
2	comprises one of a Web page and a news message.
1	29. A computer-readable storage medium holding code for performing
2	the method according to Claim 15.
1	30. A system for identifying documents by language using
2	probabilistic analysis of language attributes, comprising:
3	a set of language classes, each language class comprising a language name
4	and a character set encoding name;
5	a training corpora comprising a plurality of training documents;
6	an attribute modeler training an attribute model by evaluating a top level
7	domain and character set encoding associated with each training document and,
8	for each language class, calculating a probability for each such top level domain
9	and character set encoding conditioned on the occurrence of the each language
10	class; and
11	a text modeler training a text model by evaluating co-occurrences of a
12	plurality of bytes within each training document and, for each language class,
13	calculating a probability for the byte co-occurrences conditioned on the
14	occurrence of the each language class.

A system according to Claim 30, further comprising:

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2	a training engine calculating an overall probability for each language class
3	by evaluating the probability for the top level domain and character set encoding
4	based on the attribute model and the probability for the byte occurrences based on
5	the text model.
1	32. A system according to Claim 31, further comprising:
2	a classifier classifying one or more documents, comprising:
3	an attribute evaluator evaluating a top level domain and character
4	set encoding in each document and applying the attribute model to the evaluated
5	
	top level domain and character set encoding;
6	a text evaluator evaluating byte occurrences in each document and
7	applying the text model to the evaluated byte occurrences; and
8	an assignment module assigning at least one language class based
9	on the applications of the attribute model and the text model.
1	33. A method for identifying documents by language using
2	probabilistic analysis of language attributes, comprising:
3	defining a set of language classes, each language class comprising a
4	language name and a character set encoding name;
5	assembling a training corpora comprising a plurality of training
6	documents;
7	training an attribute model by evaluating a top level domain and character
8	set encoding associated with each training document and, for each language class,
9	calculating a probability for each such top level domain and character set
10	encoding conditioned on the occurrence of the each language class; and
11	training a text model by evaluating co-occurrences of a plurality of bytes
12	within each training document and, for each language class, calculating a
13	probability for the byte co-occurrences conditioned on the occurrence of the each
14	language class.
1	34. A method according to Claim 33, further comprising:

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2	calculating an overall probability for each language class by evaluating the
3	probability for the top level domain and character set encoding based on the
4	attribute model and the probability for the byte occurrences based on the text
5	model.
1	35. A method according to Claim 34, further comprising:
2	classifying one or more documents, comprising:
3	evaluating a top level domain and character set encoding in each
4	document and applying the attribute model to the evaluated top level domain and
5	character set encoding;
6	evaluating byte occurrences in each document and applying the
7	text model to the evaluated byte occurrences; and
8	assigning at least one language class based on the applications of
9	the attribute model and the text model.
1	36. A computer-readable storage medium holding code for performing
2	the method according to Claim 30.
1	37. An apparatus for identifying documents by language using
2	probabilistic analysis of language attributes, comprising:
3	means for defining a set of language classes, each language class
4	comprising a language name and a character set encoding name;
5	means for training an attribute model by assigning at least one top level
6	domain and character set encoding pairing to at least one language class for each
7	of a plurality of training documents and calculating a probability for each such top
8	level domain and character set encoding pairing conditioned on the occurrence of
9	the assigned language class; and
10	means for training a text model by evaluating co-occurrences of a plurality
11	of bytes within each training document and, for each language class, calculating a
12	probability for the byte co-occurrences conditioned on the occurrence of the
13	language class based on the attribute model.

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